SAFETY DATA SHEET

Wheel Soap - Sam's Detailing

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking			
1.1. Product identifier			
Product name	Wheel Soap - Sam's Detailing		
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Identified uses	Detergent.		
Uses advised against	Use only for intended applications.		
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet			
Supplier	Sam's Detailing Ltd 6 Blackburn Road Sheffield S61 2DR 0114 383 0709 hello@samsdetailing.co.uk		
1.4. Emergency telephone nu	mber		
Emergency telephone	As Above - Opening Hours 9 am - 5 pm (Monday - Friday)		
SECTION 2: Hazards identification			
2.1. Classification of the subs	tance or mixture		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)	$\underline{\mathbf{D}}$		
Physical hazards	Not Classified		
Health hazards	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
Environmental hazards	Not Classified		
2.2. Label elements			
Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	Danger		
Hazard statements	EUH208 Contains reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500- 7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction. H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage.		
Precautionary statements	 P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. 		

Contains	Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts, Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated, Alkyl Amidopropyl Betaine, Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13 alkyl derivs., sodium salts, Amines, C12- 14-alkyldimethyl, N-oxides
Detergent labelling	5 - < 15% non-ionic surfactants, < 5% amphoteric surfactants, < 5% anionic surfactants, < 5% perfumes, Contains BENZYL ALCOHOL
Supplementary precautionary statements	P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information	on on ingredients		
3.2. Mixtures			
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sult	fates, sodium salts		1-5%
CAS number: 68891-38-3	EC number: 500-234-8	REACH registration number: 01- 2119488639-16-XXXX	
Classification			
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315			
Eye Dam. 1 - H318			
Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412			
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated			1-5%
CAS number: 68439-46-3	EC number: 500-457-0	REACH registration number: 01- 2119490233-42-XXXX	
Classification			
Acute Tox. 4 - H302			
Eye Dam. 1 - H318			
Alkyl Amidopropyl Betaine			1-5%
CAS number: 147170-44-3	EC number: 931-296-8	REACH registration number: 01- 2119489410-39-XXXX	
Classification			
Eye Dam. 1 - H318			
Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412			
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13 alky	l derivs., sodium salts		1-5%
CAS number: 68411-30-3	EC number: 270-115-0	REACH registration number: 01- 2119489428-22-XXXX	
Classification			
Acute Tox. 4 - H302			
Skin Corr. 1C - H314			
Eye Dam. 1 - H318			
Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412			

Amines, C12-14-alkyldimethyl, N-o	xides		1-5%
CAS number: 308062-28-4	EC number: 931-292-6	REACH registration number: 01- 2119490061-47-XXXX	
M factor (Acute) = 1			
Classification			
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315			
Eye Dam. 1 - H318			
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400			
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411			
Tetrahydro-1,3,4,6-tetrakis(hydroxydimidazole-2,5(1H,3H)-dione	ymethyl)imidazo[4,5-		<1%
CAS number: 5395-50-6			
Classification			
Skin Sens. 1B - H317			
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methy no. 247-500- 7]and 2-methyl-2H-is 220-239-6] (3:1)			<1%
CAS number: 55965-84-9	EC number: 611-341-5		
M factor (Acute) = 10	M factor (Chronic) = 1		
M factor (Acute) = 10 Classification	M factor (Chronic) = 1		
	M factor (Chronic) = 1		
Classification	M factor (Chronic) = 1		
Classification Acute Tox. 3 - H301	M factor (Chronic) = 1		
Classification Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311	M factor (Chronic) = 1		
Classification Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331	M factor (Chronic) = 1		
Classification Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Skin Corr. 1B - H314	M factor (Chronic) = 1		
Classification Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318	M factor (Chronic) = 1		

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation

Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.	
Skin contact	Rinse with water.	
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.	
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed	
General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.	
Ingestion	May cause irritation.	
Skin contact	Redness. Irritating to skin.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.	
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed	
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures	
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	
5.2. Special hazards arising from	om the substance or mixture	
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.	
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.	

Special protective equipmentWear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective
clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets,
protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Small Spillages: Collect spillage. Large Spillages: Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Neutralise with acid. Caution. May generate heat. Following dilution and neutralisation, discharge to the sewer with plenty of water may be permitted. The requirements of the local water authority must be complied with if contaminated water is flushed directly to the sewer. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe h	andling
Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.
7.2. Conditions for safe sto	prage, including any incompatibilities
Storago procestions	Store away from incompatible materials (and Section 10). Store away from the following

 Storage precautions
 Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store away from the following materials: Acids. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

Storage class

Acid-reactive storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

Tetrahydro-1,3,4,6-tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)imidazo[4,5-d]imidazole-2,5(1H,3H)-dione

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts (CAS: 68891-38-3)

DNEL	Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 2750 mg/kg Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 175 mg/m ³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 1650 mg/kg Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 52 mg/m ³ Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 15 mg/kg
PNEC	Fresh water; 0.24 mg/l marine water; 0.024 mg/l Intermittent release; 0.071 mg/l STP; 10000 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 0.9168 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 0.09168 mg/kg Soil; 7.5 mg/kg
	Alkyl Amidopropyl Betaine (CAS: 147170-44-3)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 44 mg/m ³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 12.5 mg/kg Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 7.5 mg/kg Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 7.5 mg/kg
PNEC	Fresh water; 0.0135 mg/l
	marine water; 0.00135 mg/l
	STP; 3000 mg/l
Benzene	sulfonic acid, C10-13 alkyl derivs., sodium salts (CAS: 68411-30-3)
DNEL	Workers - Dermal; Long term : 170 mg/kg/day Workers - Inhalation; Long term : 12 mg/m ³ General population - Oral; Long term : 0.85 mg/kg/day General population - Dermal; Long term : 85 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term : 3 mg/m ³

PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.268 mg/l - marine water; 0.0268 mg/l - Intermittent release; 0.0167 mg/l - Sediment; 8.1 mg/kg - Soil; 35 mg/kg - STP; 3.43 mg/kg
	Amines, C12-14-alkyldimethyl, N-oxides (CAS: 308062-28-4)
DNEL	Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 11 mg/kg/day Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 15.5 mg/m ³ Workers - Dermal; Long term local effects: 0.27 % General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 5.5 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 3.8 mg/m ³ General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.44 mg/kg/day
PNEC	 Fresh water; 0.0335 mg/l marine water; 0.00335 mg/l Intermittent release; 0.0335 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 5.24 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 0.524 mg/kg Soil; 1.02 mg/kg STP; 24 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN1436. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Store in a demarcated bunded area to prevent release to drains and/or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic phys	cal and chemical properties
Appearance	Viscous liquid.
Colour	Orange.
Odour	Coconut.
Odour threshold	Not determined.
рН	pH (concentrated solution): ~7
Melting point	Not determined.
Initial boiling point and range	Not determined.
Flash point	Not determined.
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Evaporation factor	Not determined.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not determined.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not determined.
Other flammability	Not determined.
Vapour pressure	Not determined.
Vapour density	Not determined.
Relative density	~ 1
Bulk density	Not determined.
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water.
Partition coefficient	Not determined.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Decomposition Temperature	Not determined.	
Viscosity	Not determined.	
Explosive properties	Not determined.	
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Not considered to be explosive.	
Oxidising properties	Not determined.	
Comments	Information given is applicable to the product as supplied.	
9.2. Other information		
Other information	No relevant information available.	
Refractive index	Not determined.	
Particle size	Not determined.	
Molecular weight	Not determined.	
Volatility	Not determined.	
Saturation concentration	Not determined.	
Critical temperature	Not determined.	
Volatile organic compound	Not determined.	
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	Acid anhydrides. Acids. Phenols, cresols.	
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	on products	
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological inf	formation	
11.1. Information on toxicologi	cal effects	
Acute toxicity - oral	Pased on available data the elegerification criteria are not mat	
	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
	00.044.00	
ATE oral (mg/kg) Acute toxicity - dermal	20,614.68	

Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin corrosion/irritation		
Summary	Causes skin irritation.	
Extreme pH	Moderate pH (> 2 and < 11.5).	
Serious eye damage/irritation		
Summary	Causes serious eye damage.	
Respiratory sensitisation		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitisation		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Germ cell mutagenicity		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
IARC carcinogenicity	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.	
Reproductive toxicity		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity -		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity -		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Aspiration hazard		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the	
	length of exposure.	
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.	
Ingestion	May cause irritation.	
Skin contact	Redness. Irritating to skin.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.	
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact	
Target organs	No specific target organs known.	
SECTION 12: Ecological information		
Ecotoxicity	Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have	

Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Chronic aquatic toxicity		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
12.2. Persistence and degrade	ability	
Persistence and degradability	The surfactant(s) contained in this product complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004 on detergents.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.	
Partition coefficient	Not determined.	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Mobility	The product is water-soluble and may spread in water systems. The product is non-volatile.	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPv	B assessment	
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.	
12.6. Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects	None known.	
SECTION 13: Disposal consid	lerations	
13.1. Waste treatment methods		
General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.	
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General information	products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	
General information Disposal methods	products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	
General information Disposal methods SECTION 14: Transport inform	products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	
General information Disposal methods SECTION 14: Transport inform General	products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	
General information Disposal methods SECTION 14: Transport inform General 14.1. UN number	products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. nation The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).	
General information Disposal methods SECTION 14: Transport inform General <u>14.1. UN number</u> Not applicable.	products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. nation The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).	
General information Disposal methods SECTION 14: Transport inform General <u>14.1. UN number</u> Not applicable. <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u>	products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. nation The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).	

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended). The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"]. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 on detergents (as amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
	ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by
	Inland Waterways.
	RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by
	Rail.
	IATA: International Air Transport Association.
	ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.
	IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
	CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.
	ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
	LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.
	LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).
	EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.
	PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.
	vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation
Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	Eye Dam. 1 - H318: Skin Irrit. 2 - H315: : Calculation method.
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision date	19/04/2021
Revision	1
Hazard statements in full	 H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH208 Contains reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.